

Package: OVL.CI (via r-universe)

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Type Package

Title Inference on the Overlap Coefficient: The Binormal Approach and Alternatives

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Description Provides functions to construct confidence intervals for the Overlap Coefficient (OVL). OVL measures the similarity between two distributions through the overlapping area of their distribution functions. Given its intuitive description and ease of visual representation by the straightforward depiction of the amount of overlap between the two corresponding histograms based on samples of measurements from each one of the two distributions, the development of accurate methods for confidence interval construction can be useful for applied researchers. Implements methods based on the work of Franco-Pereira, A.M., Nakas, C.T., Reiser, B., and Pardo, M.C. (2021) <[doi:10.1177/09622802211046386](https://doi.org/10.1177/09622802211046386)>.

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kernel.e

Epanechnikov kernel

Description

Evaluates the Epanechnikov kernel

Usage

kernel.e(u)

Arguments

u vector of observations

Value

evaluation of the Epanechnikov kernel

Examples

```
x = rnorm(100,1,2)
kernel.e(x)
```

kernel.e.density *Epanechnikov kernel density estimation*

Description

Estimates the density function using the Epanechnikov kernel

Usage

```
kernel.e.density(data, points, h)
```

Arguments

data	vector of observations
points	in which the function is evaluated
h	bandwidth

Value

density estimation

Examples

```
x = rnorm(100,1,2)
gridd = seq(-5,5,length.out=1000)
h = (4/3)^(1/5)*sd(x)*length(x)^(-1/5)
kernel.e.density (x,gridd,h)
```

kernel.g*Gaussian kernel***Description**

Evaluates the Gaussian kernel

Usage

```
kernel.g(u)
```

Arguments

u	vector of observations
---	------------------------

Value

evaluation of the Gaussian kernel

Examples

```
x = rnorm(100,1,2)
kernel.g(x)
```

kernel.g.density*Gaussian kernel density estimation***Description**

Estimates the density function using the Gaussian kernel

Usage

```
kernel.g.density(data, points, h)
```

Arguments

data	vector of observations
points	in which the function is evaluated
h	bandwidth

Value

density estimation

Examples

```
x = rnorm(100,1,2)
gridd = seq(-5,5,length.out=1000)
h = (4/3)^(1/5)*sd(x)*length(x)^(-1/5)
kernel.g.density (x,gridd,h)
```

likbox

*Likelihood function of the BoxCox transformation***Description**

Computation of the likelihood function of the BoxCox transformation

Usage

```
likbox(h, data, n)
```

Arguments

h	parameter of the Box-Cox transformation
data	joint vector of controls (first) and cases
n	length of the vector of controls

Value

the likelihood function of the BoxCox transformation

Examples

```
h=-1.6
controls=rnorm(50,6,1)
cases=rnorm(100,6.5,0.5)
likbox(h,c(controls,cases),n=length(controls))
```

OVL.BCAN

*OVL.BCAN***Description**

Parametric approach using a bootstrap-based approach to estimate the variance

Usage

```
OVL.BCAN(x, y, alpha = 0.05, B = 100, h_ini = -0.6)
```

Arguments

x	controls
y	cases
alpha	confidence level
B	bootstrap size
h_ini	initial value in the optimization problem

Value

confidence interval

Examples

```
controls = rnorm(50,6,1)
cases = rnorm(100,6.5,0.5)
OVL.BCAN (controls,cases)
```

OVL.BCbias

OVL.BCbias

Description

Parametric approach using a bootstrap bias-corrected approach

Usage

```
OVL.BCbias(x, y, alpha = 0.05, B = 100, h_ini = -0.6)
```

Arguments

x	controls
y	cases
alpha	confidence level
B	bootstrap size
h_ini	initial value in the optimization problem

Value

confidence interval

Examples

```
controls = rnorm(50,6,1)
cases = rnorm(100,6.5,0.5)
OVL.BCAN (controls,cases)
```

OVL.BCPB*OVL.BCPB*

Description

Parametric approach using a bootstrap percentil approach to estimate the variance

Usage

```
OVL.BCPB(x, y, alpha = 0.05, B = 100, h_ini = -0.6)
```

Arguments

x	controls
y	cases
alpha	confidence level
B	bootstrap size
h_ini	initial value in the optimization problem

Value

confidence interval

Examples

```
controls = rnorm(50,6,1)
cases = rnorm(100,6.5,0.5)
OVL.BCPB (controls,cases)
```

OVL.D*OVL.D*

Description

Parametric approach using the delta method

Usage

```
OVL.D(x, y, alpha = 0.05)
```

Arguments

x	controls
y	cases
alpha	confidence level

Value

confidence interval

Examples

```
controls = rnorm(50,6,1)
cases = rnorm(100,6.5,0.5)
OVL.D (controls,cases)
```

OVL.DBC

OVL.DBC

Description

Parametric approach using the delta method after the Box-Cox transformation

Usage

```
OVL.DBC(x, y, alpha = 0.05, h_ini = -0.6)
```

Arguments

x	controls
y	cases
alpha	confidence level
h_ini	initial value in the optimization problem

Value

confidence interval

Examples

```
controls = rnorm(50,6,1)
cases = rnorm(100,6.5,0.5)
OVL.DBC (controls,cases)
```

OVL.DBCL*OVL.DBCL*

Description

Parametric approach using the delta method after the Box-Cox transformation taking into account the variability of the estimated transformation parameter

Usage

```
OVL.DBCL(x, y, alpha = 0.05, h_ini = -0.6)
```

Arguments

x	controls
y	cases
alpha	confidence level
h_ini	initial value in the optimization problem

Value

confidence interval

Examples

```
controls = rnorm(50,6,1)
cases = rnorm(100,6.5,0.5)
OVL.DBCL (controls,cases)
```

OVL.K*OVL.K*

Description

Kernel approach estimating the variance via bootstrap

Usage

```
OVL.K(x, y, alpha = 0.05, B = 100, k = 1, h = 1)
```

Arguments

x	controls
y	cases
alpha	confidence level
B	bootstrap size
k	kernel. When k=1 (default value) the kernel used in the estimation is the Gaussian kernel. Otherwise, the Epanechnikov kernel is used instead.
h	bandwidth. When h=1 (default value) the cross-validation bandwidth is chosen. Otherwise, the bandwidth considered by Schmid and Schmidt (2006) is used instead.

Value

confidence interval

Examples

```
controls = rnorm(50,6,1)
cases = rnorm(100,6.5,0.5)
OVL.K (controls,cases)
```

OVL.KPB

OVL.KPB

Description

Kernel approach using a bootstrap percentile approach

Usage

```
OVL.KPB(x, y, alpha = 0.05, B = 100, k = 1, h = 1)
```

Arguments

x	controls
y	cases
alpha	confidence level
B	bootstrap size
k	kernel. When k=1 (default value) the kernel used in the estimation is the Gaussian kernel. Otherwise, the Epanechnikov kernel is used instead.
h	bandwidth. When h=1 (default value) the cross-validation bandwidth is chosen. Otherwise, the bandwidth considered by Schmid and Schmidt (2006) is used instead.

Value

confidence interval

Examples

```
controls = rnorm(50,6,1)
cases = rnorm(100,6.5,0.5)
OVL.KPB (controls,cases)
```

OVL.LogitBCAN

OVL.LogitBCAN

Description

BCAN procedure carried out in the logit scale and back-transformed

Usage

```
OVL.LogitBCAN(x, y, alpha = 0.05, B = 100, h_ini = -0.6)
```

Arguments

x	controls
y	cases
alpha	confidence level
B	bootstrap size
h_ini	initial value in the optimization problem

Value

confidence interval

Examples

```
controls = rnorm(50,6,1)
cases = rnorm(100,6.5,0.5)
OVL.LogitBCAN (controls,cases)
```

OVL.LogitD

*OVL.LogitD***Description**

Parametric approach using the delta method after switching to a logit scale and then transforming back

Usage

```
OVL.LogitD(x, y, alpha = 0.05)
```

Arguments

x	controls
y	cases
alpha	confidence level

Value

confidence interval

Examples

```
controls = rnorm(50,6,1)
cases = rnorm(100,6.5,0.5)
OVL.LogitD (controls,cases)
```

OVL.LogitDBC

*OVL.LogitDBC***Description**

Parametric approach using the delta method after the Box-Cox transformation after switching to a logit scale and then transforming back

Usage

```
OVL.LogitDBC(x, y, alpha = 0.05, h_ini = -0.6)
```

Arguments

x	controls
y	cases
alpha	confidence level
h_ini	initial value in the optimization problem

Value

confidence interval

Examples

```
controls = rnorm(50,6,1)
cases = rnorm(100,6.5,0.5)
OVL.LogitDBCL (controls,cases)
```

OVL.LogitDBCL

OVL.LogitDBCL

Description

Parametric approach using the delta method after the Box-Cox transformation in the logit scale and back-transformed considering the variability of the estimated transformation parameter

Usage

```
OVL.LogitDBCL(x, y, alpha = 0.05, h_ini = -0.6)
```

Arguments

x	controls
y	cases
alpha	confidence level
h_ini	initial value in the optimization problem

Value

confidence interval

Examples

```
controls = rnorm(50,6,1)
cases = rnorm(100,6.5,0.5)
OVL.LogitDBCL (controls,cases)
```

OVL.LogitK*OVL.LogitK*

Description

Kernel approach estimating the variance via bootstrap in the logit scale and back-transformed

Usage

```
OVL.LogitK(x, y, alpha = 0.05, B = 100, k = 1, h = 1)
```

Arguments

x	controls
y	cases
alpha	confidence level
B	bootstrap size
k	kernel. When k=1 (default value) the kernel used in the estimation is the Gaussian kernel. Otherwise, the Epanechnikov kernel is used instead.
h	bandwidth. When h=1 (default value) the cross-validation bandwidth is chosen. Otherwise, the bandwidth considered by Schmid and Schmidt (2006) is used instead.

Value

confidence interval

Examples

```
controls = rnorm(50,6,1)
cases = rnorm(100,6.5,0.5)
OVL.LogitK (controls,cases)
```

ssdd*Sample variance computation*

Description

Computes the sample variance of a vector of observations

Usage

```
ssdd(x)
```

Arguments

x vector of observations

Value

the sample variance

Examples

```
x = rnorm(100,1,2)
ssdd(x)
```

test_data

Simulated data with normal distributions to showcase the CI'S Overlap Coefficient (OVL) calculation

Description

Contains controls and cases data from normal distributions

Usage

```
data(test_data)
```

Format

A data frame with 100 rows and 2 variables:

controls Simulated data from a N(10,1)distribution for the control group

cases Simulated data from a N(10.5,0.5)distribution for the case group

References

This data set was artificially created for the OVL.CI package.

Examples

```
data(test_data)
```

U

Auxiliary function

Description

Evaluates an auxiliary function

Usage

`U(mu1, mu2, sigma1, sigma2)`

Arguments

<code>mu1</code>	sample mean of a vector x
<code>mu2</code>	sample mean of a vector y
<code>sigma1</code>	sample standard deviation of a vector x
<code>sigma2</code>	sample standard deviation of a vector y

Value

evaluation of an auxiliary function

Examples

`U(1,2,1,1)`

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